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1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	G&G Royal Rock 150
Alternate Names	Product Code: 5616
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or n	nixture and uses advised against
Intended use	See Technical Data Sheet.
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Company Name	G&G Oil Co. of Indiana Inc.
	220 E. Centennial Ave.
	Muncie IN. 47303
Emergency	
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	765-288-7795
Customer Service: G&G Oil Co. of Indiana Inc.	765-288-7795

2. Hazard identification of the product

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

No applicable GHS categories

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

No applicable GHS categories.

[Prevention]: No GHS prevention statements [Response]: No GHS response statements

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[Storage]: No GHS storage statements [Disposal]: No GHS disposal statements

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	75 - 95	Not Classified	[1]	
CAS Number: 0064742-65-0 Petroleum Oil	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]	
CAS Number: 0064742-58-1 Olefin sulfide	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]	
CAS Number: Proprietary				

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. In general, emesis induction is unnecessary in high viscosity, low volatility products such as oils and greases.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
4.2. Most important syr	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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Overview	 Inhalation: Inhalation of vapors (generated at high temperatures only) or oil mist may cause mild irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract. Eye Irritation: Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than minimally irritating to the eyes. Skin Contact: Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than minimally irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated contact may result in defatting and drying of the skin that may cause various skin disorders such as dermatitis, folliculitis or oil acne. Ingestion: Lubricating oils are generally no more than slightly toxic if swallowed. Aggravated Medical Conditions: Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product. See section 2 for further details.

Skin

May be harmful in contact with skin. (Not adopted by US OSHA)

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Recommended extinguishing media; alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powder, water spray. Do not use; water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Aldehydes, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Hydrogen Sulfide, Ketones and other unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Unusual Fire Hazards: Material may ignite when preheated.

Do not enter confined fire-space without full bunker gear (Helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves and rubber boots). Use NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

ERG Guide No.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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For Large Spills: Remove with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels. For Small Spills: Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand, or other suitable material. Place in nonleaking container and seal tightly for proper disposal.

Reporting:

CERCLA: Product is covered by EPA's Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) petroleum exclusion. Releases to air, land or water are not reportable under CERCLA (Superfund). CWA: This product is an oil as defined under Section 311 of EPA's Clean Water Act (CWA). Spills into or leading to surface waters that cause a sheen must be reported to the National Response Center, 1-800-424-8802. May burn although not readily ignitable.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid heat and open flames, including pilot lights and strong oxidizing agents. Use explosion proof ventilation to prevent vapor accumulation. Ground all handling equipment to prevent sparking. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles, such as shoes or belts that cannot be decontaminated.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Avoid heat and open flames.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures.

Keep containers closed when not in use. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure				
CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value	

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0064742-58-1	Petroleum Oil	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-65-0 Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic		OSHA	No Established Limit
	heavy paraffinic	ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit
Proprietary	Olefin sulfide	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Contains mineral oil. The exposure limits for oil mist are 5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL and 10 mg/m3 ACGIH.

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0064742-58-1	Petroleum Oil	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0064742-65-0			Select Carcinogen: No
dewaxed heavy paraffinic		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
Proprietary	Olefin sulfide	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Use safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.
Skin	Chemical resistant clothing such as coveralls/apron and boots should be worn. Chemical resistant gloves.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits

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suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work Practices Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Amber Liquid
Odor	Mild hydrocarbon odor.
Odor threshold	Not Measured
рН	NA
Melting point / freezing point	NA
Initial boiling point and boiling range	NA
Flash Point	> 430 F [Cleveland Open Cup]
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	NA
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: NA
	Upper Explosive Limit: NA
Vapor pressure (Pa)	NA
Vapor Density	NA
Specific Gravity	0.89- 0.91
Solubility in Water	Not Measured
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured
Auto-ignition temperature	NA
Decomposition temperature	NA
Viscosity (cSt)	150 @ 40C
VOC %	NA
Pour point	-10 F[D-0097-00]
9.2. Other information	

9.2. Other information

DMSO extract by IP346: Less than 3.0 wt % (mineral oil component only)

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid

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Avoid heat and open flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Aldehydes, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Hydrogen Sulfide, Ketones and other unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic - (64742-65-0)	> 5,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available	No data available
Petroleum Oil - (64742-58-1)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available
Olefin sulfide - (Proprietary)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable

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Aspiration hazard

Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data. **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic - (64742-65-0)	5,000.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss	1,000.00, Daphnia magna	1,000.00 (96 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Petroleum Oil - (64742-58-1)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Olefin sulfide - (Proprietary)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself. However, this product is an oil. It is persistent and does not readily biodegrade.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number 14.2. UN proper shipping name DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation) Not Applicable Not Regulated IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation) Not Regulated Not Regulated

ICAO/IATA

Not Regulated Not Regulated

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14.3. Transport hazaı class(es)	rd DOT Hazard Class: Not Applicable DOT Label:	IMDG: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: Not Applicable
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
14.5. Environmental	hazards		
IMDG	Marine Pollutant: No		
14.6. Special precaut	ions for user		
	No further information		

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.	
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA Inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Not Regulated	
US EPA Tier II Hazards	Fire: No	
Sudden Release of Pressure: No		
Reactive: No		
	Immediate (Acute): Yes	

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Arsenic

Cadmium

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Ethyl acrylate

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

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Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Cadmium

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%) :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Penn RTK Substances (>1%) :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but not warranted to be whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable and suitable to their circumstances.

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